



## Critical Network Lines

**Input file:** net.in

**Output file:** net.out

**Source code:** net.pas/.c/.cpp

**100 points**

**Time limit: 3 sec**

**Memory limit: 64 MB**

Consider a communication network that consists of a set of nodes and a set of two-way direct communication lines between pairs of nodes. It is known that the investigated network is connected, that is, there is a communication path between every pair of nodes. Some nodes provide service type *A* to all nodes (including itself), while some nodes provide service type *B* to all nodes (including itself). The same node may provide both types of services. Every node must have access to both types of services.

If a direct line falls out, it might happen that a service becomes unavailable to some node; a direct line with this property is called a critical network line.

### Task

You are to write a program that determines the number of critical network lines (Subtask A) and the pairs of nodes they connect (Subtask B).

### Input

The first line of the text file net.in contains four integers, *N*, *M*, *K*, and *L*. *N* ( $1 \leq N \leq 100\,000$ ) is the number of nodes of the network, *M* ( $1 \leq M \leq 1\,000\,000$ ) is the number of direct communication lines, *K* ( $1 \leq K \leq N$ ) is the number of the nodes that provide service *A*, and *L* ( $1 \leq L \leq N$ ) is the number of the nodes that provide service *B*. The nodes are identified by the numbers from 1 to *N*. The second line contains *K* integers, the identifiers of the nodes that provide service *A*. The third line contains *L* integers, the identifiers of the nodes that provide service *B*. Each of the following *M* lines contains a pair of integers, *p q* ( $1 \leq p, q \leq N, p \neq q$ ); the pair defines a direct communication line. There is at most one direct communication line between any two nodes.

### Output

The first line of the text file net.out contains a single integer, *S*, the number of the critical lines of the network (Subtask A). Each of the following *S* lines contains a pair of integers, *p q* ( $1 \leq p, q \leq N$ ), defining a critical network line (Subtask B). You can output the critical network lines in any order, and for each line you can output the endpoints in any order.

### Example

net.in	net.out
9 10 3 4	3
2 4 5	3 2
4 9 8 3	5 6
1 2	7 9
4 1	
2 3	
4 2	
1 5	
5 6	
6 7	
6 8	
7 9	
8 7	